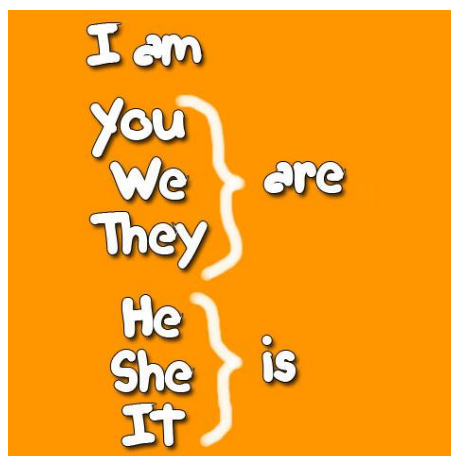




Упражнения

Спряжение глаголов TO BE и TO HAVE

I. Напишите данные предложения в вопросительной и отрицательной форме:

1. Ann is a journalist. 2. This student has a good memory. 3. Professor Smith and Professor Black are colleagues. They are economists. 4. The secretary is in the office. 5. Bill has got questions to the lecturer. 6. Lecture halls are on the second floor. 7. The problem is difficult. 8. We have lectures on Friday. 9. A scientist is an expert in natural sciences. 10. A scholar is an expert in the humanities. 11. She is a student. 12. You have a sister.

II. Раскройте скобки, используя необходимую по смыслу форму глаголов to be и to have:

1. My friend (to be) at home now. 2. We (to have) English classes twice a week. 3. Wealth (to be) nothing, happiness (to be) all. 4. She (to be) an economist. 5. A good teacher (to have) some of the gifts of a good actor. 6. Nothing (to be) so rare as complete honesty. 7. A triangle (to have) three sides and three angles. 8. Education (to be) not just learning facts. 9. Everything children study at school (to have) some practical use in their daily life. 10. School (to be) an institution for educating children. 11. This book (to be) interesting. 12. John (to have) a problem.

